TAMANTAN TO STATE OF THE STATE	Roll No.						
	Sig. of Candidate.						

Answer Sheet No	
Sig of Invigilator	

# **ELEMENTARY ANATOMY AND MICROTECHNIQUES HSSC-I**

# SECTION - A (Marks 10)

E: Section—A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on the question it should be completed in the first 10 minutes and handed over to the Centre Section Deleting/overwriting is not allowed. Do not use lead pencil.								
Cir	Circle the correct option i.e. A / B / C / D. Each part carries one mark.							
(i)	Th	ne organelle termed as proce	ssing plant of the cell is	<u></u> .				
	A.	Mitochondria	В.	Lysosomes				
	C.	Golgi bodies	D.	Centrioles				
(ii)	Th	ne main cells present in loose	e Areolar connective tiss	ue are				
	A.	Adipocytes	В.	Fibroblasts				
	C.	Chondroblasts	D.	Osteoblasts				
(iii)	CI	hordae tendinae are present	in					
	A.	Liver	B.	Heart				
	C.	Pancreas	D.	Spleen				
(iv)	) W	hich part of the brain is impo	rtant in Endocrine functi	oning?				
	A.	Hypothalamus	B.	Pons				
	C	Cerebrum	D.	Cerebellum				
(v)	С	ricoid cartilage is present in _	<del>.</del>					
	A.	Thoracic cage	B.	Larynx				
	C	Trachea	D.	Vertebral column				
(vi)	) A	dipose tissue is a type of	tissue.					
	A.	Epithelial	B.	Connective				
	C	Muscle	D.	Nervous				
(vii	i) 19	1% acid water treatment in H / E staining is called						
	A	Blueing	B.	Dewaxing				
	С	. Differentiation	D.	Clearing				
(viii)	ii) In	Histo Lab, Picric Acid is used	d as					
	A	Stain	B.	Differentiator				
	С	. Fixative	D.	All of these				
(ix)	) Te	o which class of fixatives doe	s Ethanol belong?					
	Α	Aledehyde	B.	Mercurial				
	С	. Oxidant	D.	None of these				
(x)	TI	ne most commonly used dec	alcifying agent is					
	Α	. Nitric acid	B.	Formic acid				
	С	. Acetic acid	D.	Hydrochloric acid				
Fo	r Exam	niner's use only:						
				Marks:	10			

Marks Obtained:



### **ELEMENTARY ANATOMY AND MICROTECHNIQUES HSSC-I**

Time allowed: 2:20 Hours

Total Marks Sections B and C: 40

NOTE: Answer

Answer any thirteen parts from Section 'B' and any two questions from Section 'C' on the separately provided answer book. Use supplementary answer sheet i.e. Sheet-B if required. Write your answers neatly and legibly.

### SECTION - B (Marks 26)

- Q. 2 Answer any THIRTEEN parts. The answer to each part should not exceed 2 to 5 lines. (13 x 2 = 26)
  - (i) Why is pancreas called Dual Gland?
  - (ii) Briefly discuss Hepatic portal system.
  - (iii) What is the role played by Hypothalamus in the functioning of Pituitary gland?
  - (iv) How is Pseudostratified epithelium different from stratified epithelium?
  - (v) Give differences between Right and Left lungs anatomically.
  - (vi) Name the parts of the respiratory system.
  - (vii) Write down the microscopic structure of stomach wall.
  - (viii) Draw a neat and labelled diagram of a multipolar neuron.
  - (ix) Name the Anatomical parts of large intestine.
  - (x) What do you mean by reduction division in a cell?
  - (xi) Define Microtechniques. Give their importance.
  - (xii) Give any four properties of an Ideal Fixative.
  - (xiii) Write down the rationale of Dehydration stage in Tissue Processing.
  - (xiv) Briefly discuss Blueing stage in Haematoxylin-Eosin staining.
  - (xv) Write down the working principle of Base Sledge Microtome.
  - (xvi) Briefly discuss Haematoxylin Stain.
  - (xvii) What is Mounting of Sections?

#### SECTION - C (Marks 14)

#### Note: Attempt any TWO questions. All questions carry equal marks.

 $(2 \times 7 = 14)$ 

- Q.3 a. Write down the Anatomy and Anatomical position of Human Heart.
  - **b.** Describe Heart-lung blood circulation (Pulmonary Circulation).
- **Q.4** Give a comprehensive classification of Epithelial tissues (in Tabular Form).
- Q.5 Write down the procedural steps involved in Haematoxylin-Eosin staining with timings and rationale of each step.