

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17
UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2013

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Part I: Time Allowed: 30 Minutes Maximum Marks: 20

Part II: Time Allowed: 2 Hours & 30 Minutes Maximum Marks: 80

Note: (i) First attempt Part-I (MCQs) on separate OMR Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes.

(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.

PART-I (MCQs) (COMPULSORY)

Q.1. (i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate Circle on the OMR Answer Sheet.

(ii) Answers given anywhere, other than OMR Answer Sheet, shall not be considered.

1. "Theory of International Politics" has been authored by:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| (a) John Mearsheimer | (b) Hans Morgenthau |
| (c) Kenneth Waltz | (d) Stephen Walt |
| (e) None of these | |

2. League of Nations was formed after the treaty of:

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| (a) Versailles | (b) Westphalia |
| (c) Schengen | (d) Locarno |
| (e) None of these | |

3. Yalta Conference was held in the year:

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| (a) 1943 | (b) 1944 |
| (c) 1945 | (d) 1946 |
| (e) None of these | |

4. NATO stands for:

- | |
|--|
| (a) Northern Alliance Treaty Organization |
| (b) North African Treaty Organization |
| (c) North Atlantic Trust Organization |
| (d) North Atlantic Treaty Organization |
| (e) None of these |

5. Pakistan became part SEATO in the year:

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| (a) 1954 | (b) 1955 |
| (c) 1956 | (d) 1957 |
| (e) None of these | |

6. **Perestroika and Glasnost reforms were introduced by:**
 - (a) Ronald Reagan
 - (b) Mikhail Gorbachev
 - (c) George Bush
 - (d) Boris Yeltsin
 - (e) None of these
7. **After the end of cold war, Pakistan was subjected to sanctions under:**
 - (a) Pressler Amendment
 - (b) Symington Amendment
 - (c) Glenn Amendment
 - (d) Kerry-Lugar Bill
 - (e) None of these
8. **NPT came into effect in the year:**
 - (a) 1967
 - (b) 1968
 - (c) 1970
 - (d) 1971
 - (e) None of these
9. **Warsaw is the capital of:**
 - (a) Czechoslovakia
 - (b) Poland
 - (c) Romania
 - (d) Ukraine
 - (e) None of these
10. **The headquarter of Conference on Disarmament (CD) is in:**
 - (a) Vienna
 - (b) Geneva
 - (c) Brussels
 - (d) New York
 - (e) None of these
11. **The Bandung Conference was attended by:**
 - (a) 23 Countries
 - (b) 26 Countries
 - (c) 29 Countries
 - (d) 32 Countries
 - (e) None of these
12. **Easing of tension between rival states is called:**
 - (a) Deterrence
 - (b) Entente
 - (c) Detente
 - (d) Containment
 - (e) None of these
13. **"Imperialism: The Highest Stage of Capitalism" was written by:**
 - (a) Trotsky
 - (b) Stalin
 - (c) Lenin
 - (d) Marx
 - (e) None of these
14. **The island of Diego Garcia is situated in:**
 - (a) Indian Ocean
 - (b) Pacific Ocean
 - (c) Atlantic Ocean
 - (d) Arctic Ocean
 - (e) None of these
15. **The Iran-Iraq war lasted for:**
 - (a) 5 Years
 - (b) 6 Years
 - (c) 7 Years
 - (d) 8 Years
 - (e) None of these

16. The treaty signed in 1991 for the reduction of strategic weapons was:
 (a) SALT (b) INF
 (c) START (d) CTBT
 (e) None of these
17. The absence of centralized authority at the international level is called:
 (a) Hierarchy (b) Anarchy
 (c) Unipolarity (d) Bipolarity
 (e) None of these
18. To frighten one's enemy into in-action is called:
 (a) Security Dilemma (b) Detente
 (c) Deterrence (d) Anarchy
 (e) None of these
19. Balfour Declaration was signed in the year:
 (a) 1917 (b) 1947
 (c) 1967 (d) 1979
 (e) None of these
20. The famous diplomat of Pakistan, who also remained the President of International Court of Justice was:
 (a) Zafarullah Khan (b) Agha Shahi
 (c) Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto (d) Sahibzada Yaqub Khan
 (e) None of these

PART-II

- Note:** (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
 (ii) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.
 (iii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
 (iv) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.
- Q.2. Critically discuss the concept of Balance of Power in the light of Hans Morgenthau's thought.
- Q.3. Evaluate the general view of the peace of Westphalia as the founding moment for modern state system. Do you think this system is challenged in the contemporary world?
- Q.4. In what ways was the Versailles treaty a contributory factor to European political instability in the period 1919-39?
- Q.5. Elucidate the impact of World War II on the decolonization process in Asia.
- Q.6. Describe the efforts of African National Congress against

Apartheid regime of South Africa.

- Q.7.** Carry out a comparative analysis of US foreign policy towards South Asia during and after the Cold War.
- Q.8.** Is Globalization under threat because of world economic crises?