

GEOGRAPHY, PAPER-II

**FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2009**

GEOGRAPHY, PAPER-II

S.No.	
R.No.	

TIME ALLOWED:	(PART-I) 30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS:20
	(PART-II) 2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS:80

- NOTE:** (i) First attempt **PART-I (MCQ)** on separate **Answer Sheet** which shall be taken back after **30 minutes**.
(ii) **Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.**

PART – I (MCQ)
(COMPULSORY)

- Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate box on the Answer Sheet. (20)**
- (i) The founder of Human geography is:
(a) Plato (b) Aristotle
(c) Eratosthenes (d) Theophrastus
- (ii) Pakistan covers an area of:
(a) 796095 Sq km (b) 468000 Sq km
(c) 999657 Sq km (d) None of these
- (iii) The hottest month (June) with the mean temperature of 38°C in Pakistan is at:
(a) Sibi (b) Jacobabad
(c) Hyderabad (d) None of these
- (iv) Tod Polander is associated with the:
(a) Study of urban areas (b) industrial location theory
(c) agricultural location theory (d) population studies
- (v) Which region is called the rice bowl of China?
(a) Huang ho valley (b) Yangtse Basin
(c) Sinkiang (d) Chunling
- (vi) "Hemp" is a fiber crop of:
(a) Western Europe (b) Middle East
(c) Mediteranean Region (d) Southeast Asia
- (vii) The Phytogeography deals with:
(a) the animal life (b) the plant life
(c) weathering of rocks (d) Ancient civilizations
- (viii) Bride industries are industries:
(a) Based on agricultural raw material (b) Located between market and raw material
(c) Located on the river banks (d) Producing goods for export
- (ix) The theory of industrial location was put forward by:
(a) Weber (b) Von Thunen
(c) A. Miller (d) R. Johnson
- (x) What will be the shape of settlements near oases in desert?
(a) Square (b) Linear
(c) Oval (d) Irregular
- (xi) The seasonal movement of people with their animals between highlands and lowlands is called:
(a) Pastoralism (b) Nomadism
(c) Transhumance (d) Ranching
- (xii) The term 'Fecundity' indicates:
(a) Birth rate (b) Fertility rate
(c) Growth rate (d) Capacity to reproduce
- (xiii) The concept of demographic transition was initiated by:
(a) Trewartha (b) Thompson
(c) Notestein (d) Sadler

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- (xiv) Who was the first to suggest laws of migration:
 - (a) Lee
 - (b) Zelinsky
 - (c) Trewartha
 - (d) Rovenstein
- (xv) Where is the Fertile Crescent situated:
 - (a) Southeast Asia
 - (b) Southwest Asia
 - (c) North America
 - (d) Africa
- (xvi) The example of an unguarded international border is that between:
 - (a) India and Pakistan
 - (b) China and Mongolia
 - (c) China and Russia
 - (d) U.S.A. and Canada
- (xvii) The concentric zone theory of urban morphology was coined by:
 - (a) Ullman
 - (b) Burgess
 - (c) Huntington
 - (d) Homer Hoyt
- (xviii) The acronym C.B.D. stands for:
 - (a) Outer fringe of the city
 - (b) Area of heavy industries in the city
 - (c) Area of highest population density in the city
 - (d) Central commercial heart of the city
- (xix) Occidental agriculture is associated with:
 - (a) Mono crop culture
 - (b) Diversified farming
 - (c) shifting cultivation
 - (d) Dry farming
- (xx) Christaller’s theory is concerned with:
 - (a) Size distribution of central places
 - (b) Origin and decline of cities
 - (c) Morphology of settlements
 - (d) None of these

PART – II

NOTE:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) PART-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks.(iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.
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- Q.2.** What do you understand by the term Possibilism? How far has man changed the environment in his favour? Give examples. **(20)**
- Q.3.** Write down the various kinds of migration and describe the effects of intra-urban migration. **(20)**
- Q.4.** How did settlements originate in the world? Describe the Central Place Theory. **(20)**
- Q.5.** Give an account of power resources of South Asia with special reference to Pakistan. **(20)**
- Q.6.** “Economic geography is the study of location, distribution and use of scarce resources”. Discuss. **(20)**
- Q.7.** What is meant by cultural diffusion? How is the culture of an area affected by landscape? **(20)**
- Q.8.** “South Asia has many places where people are few and few places where people are very many”. Discuss. **(20)**
